

## ORNITHOLOGICAL NOTES

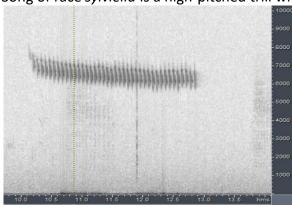
# Notes on the vocalizations of Grey Penduline-tit (*Anthoscopus caroli*)

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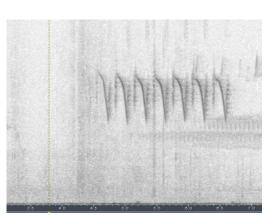
In the following we briefly analyze and compare voice of the different races of Grey Penduline-tit (*Anthoscopus caroli*). We also try to quantify the extent of any vocal differences using the criteria proposed by Tobias *et al.* (2010), as a support for taxonomic review. We have made use of sound recordings available on-line from Xeno Canto (XC) and additional recordings kindly forwarded by Michael Mills.

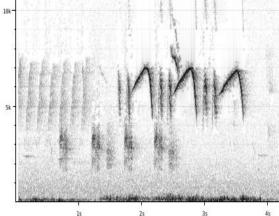
There are very few recordings available of this species.

Song of race *sylviella* is a high-pitched trill with a duration of *c* 2-3s:

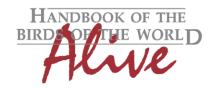


Other races (not all available) have a different song (a high-pitched note repeated several times, usually alternated with one or two very short notes)

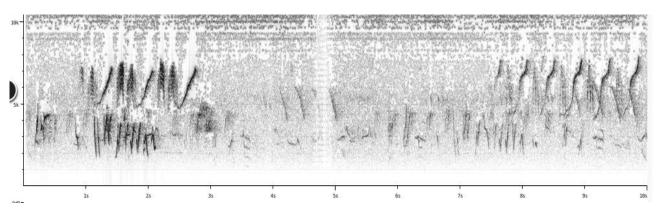




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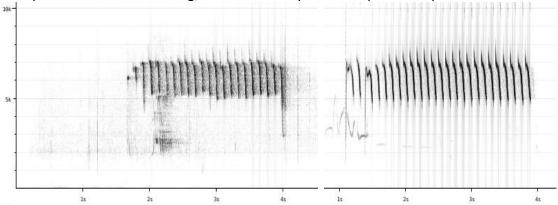
This is obviously a striking vocal difference, which could be quantified based on pace, # of notes, note length etc. and would obviously reach a very high vocal score of about 3+4=7 when applying Tobias criteria.

The exact geographical boundaries of this change in voice are however unclear. Zimmerman *et al.* (1996) describe the high-pitched trill for race *sylviella*. HBW Alive (Madge 2016) repeats this, but adds that *pallescens* is said to be a high-pitched trill which slowly fades.

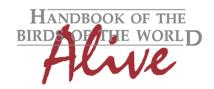
In Borrow & Demey (2014) description of song corresponds to the 'other races' but it is not clear if this is referring to race *ansorgei*. Given that *ansorgei* is also the race occurring in Angola, and the comment of Michael Mills (*in litt*.) that Angolan birds sing like 'other races' this seems likely.

Further study is clearly needed to get a better understanding of the geographical distribution of the two vocal groups.

As a final note, we can indicate that Mouse-coloured Penduline-tit *A. musculus* of Kenya and Ethiopia has also a trilled song, but with clearly different pitch and pace:



This note was finalized on 11th April 2016, using sound recordings available on-line at that moment. We would like to thank in particular the sound recordists who placed their song recordings for this species on XC: Charles Hesse, Jelmer Poelstra, and Michael Mills.



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#### References

Borrow, N. & Demey, R. (2014) Birds of Western Africa. Second edition. Christopher Helm, London.

Madge, S. (2016). Grey Penduline-tit (*Anthoscopus caroli*). In: del Hoyo, J., Elliott, A., Sargatal, J., Christie, D.A. & de Juana, E. (eds.). *Handbook of the Birds of the World Alive*. Lynx Edicions, Barcelona. (retrieved from <a href="http://www.hbw.com/node/59962">http://www.hbw.com/node/59962</a> on 11 April 2016).

Tobias, J.A., Seddon, N., Spottiswoode, C.N., Pilgrim, J.D., Fishpool, L.D.C. & Collar, N.J. (2010). Quantitative criteria for species delimitation. *Ibis* 152(4): 724–746.

Zimmerman, D.A., Turner, D.A., Pearson, D.J. (1996) Birds of Kenya and Northern Tanzania. Christopher Helm, London.

#### **Recommended citation**

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